Listening evidence lab

听力证据与答案练习册 · HSK 4 study reference

预订图书的领取通知

Listen without reading, answer, then underline the transcript evidence. These original clips use synthetic audio. Traditional HSK 1-6 difficulty labels are study guides, not verified HSK 3.0 or official exam specifications.

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1. 听“预订图书的领取通知”：顾客现在应去哪里领书？

A. 北门服务台

B. 南门服务台

C. 仓库

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2. 听“预订图书的领取通知”：哪项是领书时需要做的？

A. 再次付款

B. 重新预订两本书

C. 带上订单短信

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3. 听“预订图书的领取通知”：周五不能到店，怎样最多保留到周日？

A. 提前打电话联系

B. 周日后直接去仓库

C. 不用联系，自动长期保留

Explain the evidence in your own words / 用自己的话说明证据

Separate the changed location, unchanged collection window and required proof. The notice offers advance contact as a way to arrange a longer hold.

把改变的地点、不变的时间、需要携带的凭证分别记下；通知提供了提前联系、安排延期保留的办法。

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Listening evidence lab

听力证据与答案练习册 · HSK 4 - transcript and answers

您预订的两本书已经到店。原来约好周五去北门领取，现在北门正在维修，请改到南门服务台。领取时间仍是周五下午两点到六点。请带上订单短信，不用再付款。如果当天不能来，可以提前打电话，最多保留到周日。周日之后，未领取的书将退回仓库。

The two books you reserved have arrived. Collection was originally arranged at the north entrance on Friday, but that entrance is being repaired, so please use the south-entrance service desk. Collection is still from two to six on Friday afternoon. Bring the order text message; no further payment is needed. If you cannot come that day, call in advance; the books can be held until Sunday at the latest. After Sunday, uncollected books will be returned to the warehouse.

1. B. 南门服务台

The north entrance is under repair, so collection moves to the south-entrance service desk. The warehouse is where uncollected books go after the deadline, not the current pickup point.

北门维修，因此通知要求改到南门服务台。仓库是超期未领后的退回地点，不是当前领取地点。

A. The north entrance was the original arrangement; repair has changed it.

北门是原安排，维修后已改地点。

C. The warehouse receives uncollected books after Sunday; it is not the pickup desk.

仓库接收周日后未领的书，不是领取服务台。

2. C. 带上订单短信

The notice explicitly asks for the order text message and says no further payment is required. The books have already arrived; there is no instruction to place another order.

通知明确要求携带订单短信，并说不用再付款。两本书已经到店，没有要求重新预订。

A. The recording explicitly says no further payment is needed.

原文明确说“不用再付款”，与再次付款相反。

B. The existing order has arrived; no replacement order is requested.

已有订单已经到店，通知没有要求重新预订。

3. A. 提前打电话联系

The notice offers advance telephone contact as the way to arrange a hold until Sunday at the latest. Going to the warehouse later or assuming indefinite automatic storage is not the arrangement described.

通知提供的办法是提前打电话联系，最长保留到周日。周日后退仓库和无限期保留都不是这项安排。

B. Returning stock to the warehouse does not create a later collection appointment.

退回仓库不等于另行约定了更晚的领取时间。

C. The notice offers advance contact and gives a Sunday limit.

原文提供提前联系的办法，并明确最晚保留到周日。

Pinyin, audio and stable question links

Personal / classroom printing with source credit. Editorial: mandaringo.ai/editorial-policy/

Listening evidence lab

听力证据与答案练习册 · HSK 5 study reference

校园循环杯试行反馈

Listen without reading, answer, then underline the transcript evidence. These original clips use synthetic audio. Traditional HSK 1-6 difficulty labels are study guides, not verified HSK 3.0 or official exam specifications.

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Play MP3 / 播放音频

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1. 听“校园循环杯试行反馈”：顾客怎样拿回十元押金？

A. 购买第二杯咖啡

B. 归还循环杯

C. 等待一个月自动退还

_____

2. 听“校园循环杯试行反馈”：店长下一步准备怎样做？

A. 立刻提高押金

B. 取消所有循环杯

C. 增加两个归还点后继续观察

_____

3. 听“校园循环杯试行反馈”：为什么不能只看一次性杯子的使用量？

A. 还需要考虑清洗和运输成本

B. 一次性杯子的使用量没有变化

C. 押金已经永久取消

_____

Explain the evidence in your own words / 用自己的话说明证据

Distinguish the observed change, customers’ complaint and the next step. 暂时不 means not for now, not a permanent promise.

区分已观察到的变化、顾客提出的问题和下一步措施；“暂时不”不是永远不。

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Personal / classroom printing with source credit. Editorial: mandaringo.ai/editorial-policy/

Listening evidence lab

听力证据与答案练习册 · HSK 5 - transcript and answers

校园咖啡店试行循环杯，顾客付十元押金，归还杯子后退还。一个月后，一次性杯子的使用量减少了，但部分顾客反映，归还点离宿舍太远。店长决定先增加两个归还点，再观察一个月，暂时不提高押金。她认为，减少浪费是目标，不过清洗和运输的成本也要计入，不能只看用了多少个一次性杯子。

A campus café is trying reusable cups. Customers pay a ten-yuan deposit, refunded when the cup is returned. After a month, disposable-cup use has fallen, but some customers say the return point is too far from their dormitory. The manager will first add two return points and observe for another month, without raising the deposit for now. Reducing waste is the aim, but washing and transport costs must also be counted; the number of disposable cups alone is not enough.

1. B. 归还循环杯

The deposit is refunded when the reusable cup is returned. A month is the observation period for the trial, not a refund trigger, and a second purchase is not required.

押金在归还杯子后退还。一个月是观察试行结果的时间，不是自动退款条件；也没有要求再买一杯。

A. The passage requires returning the cup, not buying another drink.

退押金的条件是归还杯子，不是再次购买。

C. A month describes evaluation timing, not automatic repayment of deposits.

一个月描述评估时间，不是押金自动退款期限。

2. C. 增加两个归还点后继续观察

To address inconvenient returns, the manager will add two return points and observe for another month. The deposit stays unchanged for now, and the trial is not cancelled.

店长针对归还点太远的问题，先增加两个点再观察一个月，同时暂不提高押金，并未决定取消试行。

A. The manager explicitly says the deposit will not increase for now.

“暂时不提高押金”与立刻提高相反。

B. The planned improvement and further observation continue the trial.

增加归还点并继续观察是在调整试行，不是取消。

3. A. 还需要考虑清洗和运输成本

The manager supports reducing waste but also counts washing and transport costs. Disposable-cup use has already fallen, and the deposit has not been abolished.

店长肯定减少浪费的目标，同时要求计入清洗和运输成本。原文已经说一次性杯使用量减少，未说取消押金。

B. The recording says disposable-cup use has decreased.

原文已经明确说一次性杯使用量减少。

C. Not raising a deposit for now does not mean abolishing it permanently.

暂不提高押金不等于永久取消押金。

Pinyin, audio and stable question links

Personal / classroom printing with source credit. Editorial: mandaringo.ai/editorial-policy/

Listening evidence lab

听力证据与答案练习册 · HSK 6 study reference

口述历史中的不同记忆

Listen without reading, answer, then underline the transcript evidence. These original clips use synthetic audio. Traditional HSK 1-6 difficulty labels are study guides, not verified HSK 3.0 or official exam specifications.

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Play MP3 / 播放音频

Open transcript and online practice / 在线原文与练习

1. 听“口述历史中的不同记忆”：编辑如何处理开业年份的分歧？

A. 选择叙述更流畅的年份

B. 合并成一个未经验证的日期

C. 保留差异并查找其他记录

_____

2. 听“口述历史中的不同记忆”：仅凭两人的记忆不同，可以得出什么？

A. 两种回忆存在分歧，年份仍需查证

B. 至少一人已经被证明故意说谎

C. 两人的全部回忆都毫无价值

_____

3. 听“口述历史中的不同记忆”：若新资料仍不足以确定年份，出版时应怎样写？

A. 删除全部访谈以免出现差异

B. 明确标注尚待核实

C. 给出确定年份以方便阅读

_____

Explain the evidence in your own words / 用自己的话说明证据

Separate recording a disagreement, seeking evidence and establishing a fact. 尚待核实 describes unresolved evidence, not proof that both accounts are false.

区分记录分歧、查找证据与认定事实；“尚待核实”说明证据状态，不等于两种说法都已被证伪。

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Personal / classroom printing with source credit. Editorial: mandaringo.ai/editorial-policy/

Listening evidence lab

听力证据与答案练习册 · HSK 6 - transcript and answers

在整理老街的口述历史时，两位受访者对一家书店的开业年份记忆不同。编辑没有把两种说法合并成一个确定日期，而是在正文保留差异，并查找当年的报纸和营业记录。她解释，记忆的分歧本身值得记录，但不能因此断言其中一人在说谎。若新资料仍不足以确定年份，出版时就应明确标注尚待核实，而不是为了叙述流畅删去不确定性。

While compiling an oral history of an old street, two interviewees remember different years for a bookshop's opening. The editor keeps the disagreement in the text and looks for newspapers and business records from that period, rather than merging the accounts into one definite date. She explains that differences in memory are worth recording but do not establish that one person is lying. If the new material still cannot establish the year, publication should explicitly mark it as unverified rather than erase uncertainty for a smoother narrative.

1. C. 保留差异并查找其他记录

The editor retains the discrepancy and seeks newspapers and business records. Narrative smoothness is not her selection criterion, and she does not combine unverified accounts into a definite date.

编辑在正文保留差异，同时查找当年的报纸和营业记录，既没有按流畅程度选年份，也没有强行合并为确定日期。

A. Fluent narration is explicitly rejected as a reason to erase uncertainty.

原文明示不能为了叙述流畅删去不确定性。

B. The editor specifically avoids turning two accounts into one definite date.

编辑明确没有把两种说法合并成确定日期。

2. A. 两种回忆存在分歧，年份仍需查证

Different memories establish a disagreement requiring further verification. They do not by themselves prove deliberate lying or erase the value of every recollection from both interviewees.

不同回忆只支持存在分歧，需要进一步查证；不能自动证明说谎，更不能据此否定全部口述材料的价值。

B. An inaccurate memory and deliberate deception are not established as the same thing.

记忆有误与故意欺骗不能仅凭分歧画等号。

C. The editor says the disagreement itself is worth recording.

编辑明确说分歧本身值得记录，未否定全部材料。

3. B. 明确标注尚待核实

If the new material remains insufficient, the year should be marked as still unverified. Preserving the limits of evidence means neither deleting every interview nor inventing certainty for convenience.

原文给出明确条件：若证据仍不足，标注尚待核实。保留证据边界不同于删去全部访谈，也不同于制造确定性。

A. The proposed response is a transparent qualification, not deletion of all interviews.

建议是明确标注证据状态，不是删除全部访谈。

C. A definite year would claim more certainty than the available material supports.

证据仍不足时给出确定年份，超出了材料支持范围。

Pinyin, audio and stable question links

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